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APPLICATION NO	. F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/716,635		11/19/2003	Derek Seeber	650265.00006	6446
26710	7590	07/05/2006		EXAMINER	
QUARLE 411 E. WI	S & BRA		HORWAT, JENNIFER A		
SUITE 204		AVENUE		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
MILWAU	KEE, WI	53202-4497		3768	

DATE MAILED: 07/05/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/716,635	SEEBER, DEREK					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Jennifer Horwat	3768					
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence addr	ess				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Description of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be to will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDON	ON. imely filed in the mailing date of this comm ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 f	November 2003.						
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ Thi	s action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	153 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-22</u> is/are pending in the application	٦.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-22</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on 21 January 2004 is/are		d to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	e drawing(s) be held in abeyance. So	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	•						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	a)-(d) or (f).					
1. Certified copies of the priority documen	its have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
Copies of the certified copies of the price	ority documents have been received	ved in this National St	tage				
application from the International Burea	, ,,						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	t of the certified copies not receive	ved.					
Attachment(s)	η Π . 1-4-1-2-2	(DTO 442)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4)	Date					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	Patent Application (PTO-1	52)				

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 2. Claims 5, 8, and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. Claims 5, 8, and 16 recite the limitation "the accelerometer" in the claims, however no mention to an accelerometer is mentioned previously in the claim or a claim upon which the above-mentioned claims are dependant. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 1, 2, 6, 9, 11, 12, 14, 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Eviatar, et al (US 2002/0118373). Eviatar discloses a system for detecting movement of a subject during magnetic resonance imaging including a coil (fig. 1) which includes an RF coil to detect signals from the sample caused by nuclear magnetic resonance (paragraph 39) in which a motion detection system is arranged

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within the coil to detect motion of the head of a patient (paragraph 42). The system includes a light emitting device (paragraph 46) for monitoring motion of the subject. The motion signals are used to compensate for the movement to provide imaging information that is independent of subject movement (paragraph 59). The gradient pulse sequence may be modified by a pulse programmer to allow for acquisition correction (paragraph 136).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 3, 4, and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Eviatar in view of Rogers, Jr. (US 5477144) and further in view of Morris, Sr., et al (US 6148229). Eviatar, as discussed above, substantially discloses the invention as claimed. For those limitations not previously discussed, Eviatar additionally discloses that the motion correction system is attached to the subject's head including the use of flexible straps to aid in attachment (paragraph 96). However, Eviatar does not disclose that the motion detection system consists of an accelerometer. Rogers also discloses a method for reducing image artifacts in magnetic resonance images and further discloses the use of an accelerometer to measure motion (col 5, lines 63-65). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify

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the disclosure of Eviatar in light of the disclosure of Rogers to include an accelerometer, as an accelerometer would provide motion detection of the subject directly without the use of a separate optical subsystem, as used by Rogers. The accelerometer placed directly on the subject, as disclosed by Rogers, would remove the need for calibration of the optical system.

- 7. Claim 5, 7, 8, 16, and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Eviatar in view of Rogers and further in view of Morris, Sr., et al (US 6148229). The modified device of Eviatar in view of Rogers, as discussed above. substantially discloses the invention as claimed, however fails to explicitly disclose the use of optical fibers for transmission of the motion signal. Morris discloses a system for compensating for motion artifacts in magnetic resonance imaging and further discloses that the use of optical fibers for signal transmission is well known in the imaging art. Morris discloses the use of several fiber optic cables for transmission of motion signal as a preferred embodiment (col 7, lines 56-67). Further, it is inherent within an accelerometer that power may be received from a photovoltaic device (as evidenced by US 3527106). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the disclosure of Eviatar in view of Rogers further in light of the disclosure of Morris, as Morris teaches the preferential use of optical fibers for transmission of motion signals, as they provide fast transmission and are capable of use in a strong magnetic field environment, as in an MRI system.
- 8. Claims 10 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Eviatar in view of Bornert, et al (US 5977769). Eviatar, as discussed above,

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substantially discloses the invention as claimed, however fails to explicitly disclose the use of indication of motion above a threshold. Bornert discloses an MR method with reduced motion artifacts and further discloses that reconstruction of an MR image which uses only signals acquired when displacement from a reference position is below a threshold value (abstract). When displacement exceeds the threshold value, MR signals are no longer acquired, and therefore the signal is off or zero, during these periods (col 1, lines 62-65). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the disclosure of Eviatar in light of the disclosure of Bornert to zero signals when motion is above a threshold to reduce the incidence of motion artifact in the image, as disclosed by Bornert.

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9. Claims 19-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rogers, Jr. (US 5477144) in view of Morris, Sr., et al (US 6148229). Rogers discloses a method for reducing image artifacts in magnetic resonance images and further discloses the use of an accelerometer to measure motion (col 5, lines 63-65) that is attached by a strap to the chest of a patient. However, Rogers fails to disclose the use of optical fibers. Morris discloses a system for compensating for motion artifacts in magnetic resonance imaging and further discloses that the use of optical fibers for signal transmission is well known in the imaging art. Morris discloses the use of several fiber optic cables for transmission of motion signal as a preferred embodiment (col 7, lines 56-67). A fiber optic cable provides a light emitting device for transmitting the motion signal as a light signal. Further, it is inherent within an accelerometer that power may be received from a photovoltaic device (as evidenced by US 3527106). It would

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have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the disclosure of Rogers in light of the disclosure of Morris, as Morris teaches the preferential use of optical fibers for transmission of motion signals, as they provide fast transmission and are capable of use in a strong magnetic field environment, as in an MRI system.

Conclusion

10. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Ben-Ari and Mugler, III et al teach devices of note.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jennifer Horwat whose telephone number is (571) 272-2811. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th 7-5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eleni Mantis-Mercader can be reached on (571) 272-4740. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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